COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Shareholders of
Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their 22nd Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts of the Company, for the financial year ended March 31, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the year the Company has incurred a loss of Rs. 39,400(Rs.20,780) which had been carried to the Balance Sheet.

DIVIDEND/TRANSFER TO RESERVE(S)

In view of loss during the year, the Directors have not recommended any dividend for the financial year under review. No amount is transferred to any reserve.

SHARE CAPITAL

The paid-up capital of the Company is Rs.64,000,700/-, divided into 6,400,070 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.

During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares nor has granted any stock option or sweat equity.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the year under review 4(four) Board Meetings were duly convened and held on 24/06/2021, 04/10/2021, 23/12/2021 and 21/01/2022 and the intervening gap between any two meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. Details of attendance by each Director at the said Board meetings are as under :

Name of Director(s)	Number of meetings held	Attended
Mr. Pravin Marathe	4	4
Mr. Jitendra D Patil	4	4
Mr. Subhrarabinda Birabar*	1	1
Mr. Shiv Kumar Vats**	3	3

* Appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 21/01/2022
** Resigned w.e.f. 21/01/2022

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There has been no change in the nature of business during the year under review.

SUBSIDIARIES/ASSOCIATES/JOINT VENTURES

Registered Office:. 3rd Floor, 3/8 Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038, Phone no.: (022) 6748 7200.
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

The Company does not have any subsidiary/associate or Joint Venture

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extracts of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 as per Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexure herewith as **Annexure "A"**.

DIRECTORS

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 Mr. Jitendra D. Patil retires by rotation at the next Annual General Meeting and has offered himself for re-appointment.

The Board of Directors presently is comprised of three professional directors namely Mr. Pravin Marathe, Mr. Jitendra Patil and Mr.Subhrarabinda Birabar.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

No Key Managerial Personnel was appointed during the period under review.

DEPOSITS

Your Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

During the under review, the Company did not grant any loan or made any investments or provide any guarantee as covered under the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has not made any related party transactions covered under the provisions of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 hence prescribed Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATIORS OR COURTS

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors to the best of their knowledge and ability confirm that:

i. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

ii. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that Period;

iii. they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

iv. they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;

v. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

There are no particulars to be disclosed under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules, 2014.

AUDITORS

M/s. S.V. Yadav And Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, Statutory Auditors of the Company holds office upto 24th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

AUDITORS' REPORT

In the opinion of the Board, the observation made by the Auditor's in their Report are self- explanatory and do not require any further clarification.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

Provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 related to CSR do not apply to the Company as the Company does not meet profit, turnover or net worth criteria prescribed in this regard.

CONVERSION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORBTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

In view of the nature of business activities currently being carried out by the Company, your Directors have nothing to report with respect to Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

The Company has neither earned nor spent any foreign exchange during the Period.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material change and commitments affecting financial position of the Company occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this report.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has not developed and implemented a formal risk management policy for the Company. However, the Board of Directors periodically as a part of its review of the business consider and discuss the external and internal risk factors like Government policies, macro and micro economy factors, Company financials and operations related specific factors, foreign currency rate fluctuations and related matters that may threaten the existence of the Company.

The Board is of the opinion that there are no major risks affecting the existences of the Company.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS & THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company's internal control systems commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations. Your Company has adequate internal financial controls in place to ensure safeguarding of its assets, prevention of frauds and errors, protection against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the transactions are authorised, recorded and reported diligently in the Financial Statements

DISCLOSURE ON WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

Provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 do not apply to the Company as there was no women employed by the Company.

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Directors acknowledge with gratitude the co-operation and support received from the Company's Bankers. They wish to place on record their sincere appreciation of the services rendered by all members of staff and employees of the Company.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD
COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

Pravin Marathe
Director
DIN-07706235

Jitendra D Patil
Director
DIN-09011804

Place : Mumbai
Date : September 5, 2022

Registered Office:. 3rd Floor, 3/8 Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038, Phone no.: (022) 6748 7200.
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317

ANNEXURE I
Form No. MGT-9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN AS ON THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31.03.2022

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i.	CIN	**U45200MH1999PLC122317**
ii.	Registration Date	21/10/1999
iii.	Name of the Company	Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited
iv.	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company Limited by shares / Indian Non-Government Company
v.	Address of the Registered office and contact details	3rd Floor, 3/8 Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038, Phone no.: (022) 6748 7200
vi.	Whether listed company	No
vii.	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	N. A.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Construction and maintenance of motorways, streets, roads, other vehicular and pedestrian ways, highways, bridges, tunnels and subways	42101	100%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sr. No.	Name And Address Of The Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary /Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1.	AJR INFRA AND TOLLING LIMITED, 3rd Floor, 3/8 Hamilton House, J.N. Heradia Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038.	L45203MH2001PLC131728	Holding Company	97.66%	Section 2(46)

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
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	6250052		6250070		6250052		6250070	97.66	-
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S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants

C-202, Chitrakut CHS,
Janta Nagar, 90 Feet Road,
Sion (West),
Mumbai – 400 017.
Mob – 98925 80341
E-mail :- venky@svya.co.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (nerein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS under section 133, of the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our Opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Other Information. The "Other Information" comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our Independent Auditors' Report thereon. The Other Information as aforesaid is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the "Other Information" which will be made available to us after the date of this report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions in accordance with the Standards on Auditing.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy

and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit we also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if

such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the Key Audit Matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the attached Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
   a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
   b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules thereon.

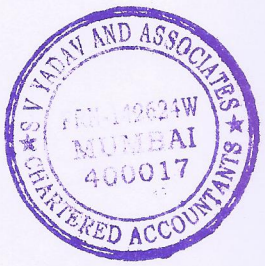
e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

   i. The Company does not have any pending litigations as at March 31, 2022 which would impact its financial position.
   ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
   iii. There are no amounts that are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: May 16, 2022
UDIN - 22156541AJPVZO5286

ANNEXURE A

To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements of Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

(i) (a) The company does not have any fixed assets and hence the clause (i) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) are not applicable.

(ii) As the company does not hold any inventory during the year, clause 3(ii) of Companies (Auditors Report) Order 2020 is not applicable to the Company.

(iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments in or provided security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has not provided guarantees, granted loans and advances in the nature of loans during the year to companies and other parties. The Company has not provided guarantees or granted loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year to firms or limited liability partnerships.

(iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to loans, investments, guarantees and security given by the Company.

(v) The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public pursuant to sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. As informed to us, there is no order that has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal in respect of the said sections. Accordingly the provision of clause 3(v) is not applicable to the Company.

(vi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not fall within the criteria prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

(vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Cess, Work Contract Tax, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amount payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax or Sales Tax or Wealth Tax or Service Tax or duty of Customs or duty of Excise or Value Added Tax or Cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

(ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, as defined in the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture (as defined in the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2022.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under the Act).

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) No whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the company.

(xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company's transactions with its related party are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the IND AS financial statements,etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

(xv) The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence the clause 3(xv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 is not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) The nature of business and the activities of the Company are such that the Company is not required to obtain registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

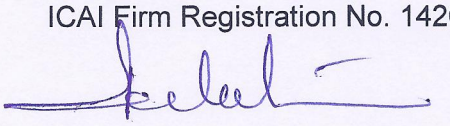
(xvii) The company had incurred cash losses of Rs.46.54 and Rs.20.78 (figures in '000s) in 2021-22 and 2020-21 respectively.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W



Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: May 16, 2022
UDIN - 22156541AJPVZO5286

Annexure - B
To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements of Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, assessing the risk

that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of Financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 142624W

Venkatesh S. Yadav
Proprietor
M. No. 156541
Mumbai, Dated: May 16, 2022
UDIN - 22156541AJPVZO5286

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317
BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022
(All amounts are in Thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant & equipment	3	-	-
Financial assets			
Loans	4	-	-
Others			
Other non current assets	5	2,484.80	2,484.80
Deferred Tax Asset, Net			
		2,484.80	2,484.80
Current assets			
Financials assets			
Loans and Advances			
Trade receivables	6	178,712.58	178,712.58
Cash and cash equivalents	7	42.68	48.48
Others	8	-	-
		178,755.26	178,761.06
Total assets		**181,240.06**	**181,245.86**
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	9	64,000.70	64,000.70
Other equity	10	(57,795.70)	(57,756.66)
Amounts entirely in the nature of equity	11	95,150.97	95,150.97
Non current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings		-	-
Long term provisions		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities (net)		-	-
Other non current liabilities			
		-	-
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings			
Trade payables		-	-
Other current financial liabilities	12	79,884.09	79,850.85
Liabilities for current tax (net)			
Provisions			
		79,884.09	**79,850.85**
Total liabilities		**79,884.09**	**79,850.85**
Total equity & liabilities		**181,240.06**	**181,245.86**
		-	-

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

Venkatesh S.Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541
Place : Mumbai
Date : 16th May,2022

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Director
Subhrarabinda Birabar
DIN No. 03249632

Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN No. 07706235

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022
(All amounts are in Thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations			
Other Income	13	7.50	-
Total income		**7.50**	**-**
Expenses			
Operating and Maintenance Expenses		-	-
Personnel Expenses		-	-
Other Expenses	14	46.54	20.78
Total Expenses		**46.54**	**20.78**
Earnings before interest, tax and depreciation, amortisation (EBIDTA) (A - B)		**(39.04)**	**(20.78)**
Finance costs		-	-
Depreciation/Amortisation			
Profit before tax and exceptional items		**(39.04)**	**(20.78)**
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit before tax and after exceptional items		**(39.04)**	**(20.78)**
Less : Tax expenses			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax		-	-
Net current tax expense		-	-
Profit after tax (PAT)		**(39.04)**	**(20.78)**
Earnings per equity share ('EPS')	15		
Basic		**(0.01)**	**(0.00)**
Diluted		**(0.01)**	**(0.00)**
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

Venkatesh S.Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : 16th May,2022

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Director
Subhrarabinda Birabar
DIN No. 03249632

Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN No. 07706235

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022
(All amounts are in Thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended March 31, 2022		Year ended March 31, 2021	
A	**Cash Flow from Operating Activities**				
	Net Loss before tax from continuing operations	(39.04)		(20.78)	
			(39.04)		(20.78)
	Profit Before Tax		(39.04)		(20.78)
	Sundry Balances written back	(7.50)	-		-
	Non Cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net Cash Flow (expense)		-		-
	Depreciation/ amortization on continuing operation		-		-
	Interest Expenses		(7.50)		-
	Operating Profit before working capital changes		(46.54)		(20.78)
	Movement in Working Capital :				
	Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables and other liabilities	40.74		20.78	
	Decrease/ (Increase) in trade and other receivables	-		-	
	Cash generated from / (used in) Operation		40.74		20.78
	Direct Taxes paid (net of refunds)		-		-
	Net Cash Flow from/ (used in) Operating Activities		-		-
			(5.80)		- 0.00
B	**Cash Flow from Investing Activities**				
	Purchase of Fixed Assets including intangible assets, CWIP and Capital Advance		-		-
	Decrease in assets		-		-
	Net Cash Flow from/ (used in) investing activities		-		-
C	**Cash Flow from Financing Activities**				
	Decrease in borrowings (asset)				
	Proceeds from intercorporate deposits		-		-
	Interest paid	-	-	-	-
			-		-
	Net Cash (used in)/ from financing activities		-		-
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(5.80)		-
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		42.68		48.48
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		48.48		48.48
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(5.80)		-
	Component of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
	Cash and cheques on hand		11.26		11.26
	With banks on current accounts				
	- On deposit accounts		31.42		37.22
			42.68		48.48

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. - 142624W

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

Venkatesh S.Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place : Mumbai
Date : 16th May,2022

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Director
Subhrarabinda Birabar
DIN No. 02210622

Director
Pravin Marathe
DIN No. 07706205

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LTD.
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

1 Corporate information

Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited ('the Company') was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, on 21st October, 1999 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Gammon India Limited ('GIL'), the ultimate holding company. On 27th October, 1999, GIL signed a Concession Agreement ('the Contract') with Greater Cochin Development Authority ('GCDA') and Government of Kerala ('GoK') for developing, operating, and maintaining a bridge across the river Mattancherry, connecting Mattancherry and Fort William with Cochin Port Trust, in the state of Kerala. The entire project was assigned to the Company on the basis of the Supplementary Agreement signed on 6th January, 2001, between the Company, Greater Cochin Development Authority ('GCDA'), Government of Kerala ('GoK') and Gammon India Limited ('GIL').

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, (as amended), and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and under the historical cost convention.

The Company was incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of GIL. As per the Contract, GIL had to transfer 2.34% of the equity shares to Cochin Port Trust ('CPT'). Later, Gammon Infrastructure Projects Limited ('GIPL'), a subsidiary of GIL, acquired the entire legal ownership in all the equity shares held by GIL, thereby making the Company its subsidiary.

2 Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the notified Accounting Standards under Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the Financial Statements. The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, on an accrual basis of accounting.

Note of current / non-current disclosure:
The classification of assets and liabilities of the Company is done into current and non-current based on the operating cycle of the business of the Company. The operating cycle of the business of the Company is less than twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of reliability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those used in the previous year, except for the change in the accounting policy explained below.

2 (i) Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

b. Revenue recognition

i) Fee Collection from users of the Project Bridge is accounted when the amount is due and recovered.
ii) The annuity has been accounted on accrual basis, as per the order of Government of Kerala for which Supplementary Concession Agreement is to be executed between the Government of Kerala, Greater Cochin Development Authority and the Company.
iii) The cash compensation due to the Company on account of multiple entries of cars has been accounted on accrual basis as per the order of Government of Kerala for which Supplementary Concession Agreement is to be executed between the Government of Kerala, Greater Cochin Development Authority and the Company.

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

c. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition of its intended use. The costs comprises of the purchase price, borrowings costs if capitalisation criteria are met and directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost of the tangible fixed asset. Any subsequent expenses related to a tangible fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other day to day repairs and maintenance expenditure and the cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided on the Straight Line Method over the useful lives of the assets estimated by the Management and as laid down in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation for assets purchased/sold during a period is proportionately charged.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of tangible fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

d. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost of construction less accumulated amortised amount and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Costs include direct costs of construction of the project bridge and costs incidental and related to the construction activity. Costs incidental to the construction activity, including financing costs on borrowings attributable to construction of the project bridge, have been capitalised to the project bridge till the date of completion of construction.

Self constructed intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis, from the date they are put to use, over the balance period of the Contract from the date the said asset was put to use. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at each financial year end.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

e. Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets including goodwill, are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, the asset is depreciated or amortised on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

f. Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. investments.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at costs. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of long term.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the carrying amount and the net disposal proceeds is charged to the statement of profit and loss.

g. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized. Other borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN 142824W MUMBAI 400017

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED

h. Provision for taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India.

Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities related to the taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realised against future taxable profits.

The Company is eligible for 100% tax holiday under section 80-IA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. As a result, timing differences arising and reversing during the tax holiday period are not recognized by the Company.

Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the profit and loss account and shown as MAT credit entitlement. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Company will pay normal income-tax during the specified period.

i. Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted number of equity shares are adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in the rights issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

j. Employee benefits

Retirement benefits in the form of Provident Fund is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year when the contributions are due. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

The Company operates only one defined benefit plan for its employees i.e. gratuity liability. The costs of providing this benefit are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at the each year end. Actuarial valualation is carried out using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses of the defined benefit plan are recognised in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss.

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilised within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year end. Actuarial gains and losses of the defined benefit plan are recognised in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

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COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

k. Segment reporting

Business segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of services, the risk return profile of individual business, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the Company.

Segment Composition :

The company`s operations comprise only a single business and geographical segment, namely operation of the Bridge project on a BOT basis in the state of Kerala in India an hence the Accounting Standard AS-17 on Segment Reporting is not applicable to the company.

l. Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

m. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

n. Contingent Liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle an obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

o. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

As per the information available with the Company, there are no Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises, as defined in the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, to whom the Company owes dues on account of principal or interest.

The above information regarding Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

p. Measurement of EBIDTA

As permitted by the *Guidance Note on the Revised Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956,* the Company has elected to present earnings before interest, depreciation and amortisation and tax (EBIDTA) as a separate line item on the face of the statement of profit and loss. The Company measures EBIDTA on the basis of profit/(loss) from continuing operations. In the measurement, the Company does not include depreciation and amortisation expense, finance costs and tax expense.

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED
CIN: U45200MH1999PLC122317
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OTHER EXPLANATORY INFORMATION TO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022
(All amounts are in Thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated)

3 Property, plant & equipment

a)

	Building	Furniture and Fixtures	motor vehicle	Office Equipments	Computers	Total
	In Rs	In Rs	In Rs	In Rs	In Rs	In Rs
Cost or valuation						
At 31st March 2020	451.53	31.00	1,007.64	470.95	1,671.38	3,632.50
Additions						-
Disposals						-
At 31st March 2021	451.53	31.00	1,007.64	470.95	1,671.38	3,632.50
Additions						
Disposals						
At 31st March 2022	451.53	31.00	1,007.64	470.95	1,671.38	3,632.50
Depreciation and impairment						
At 31st March 2020	451.53	31.00	1,007.64	470.95	1,671.38	3,632.50
Depreciation charge for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals						
At 31st March 2021	451.53	31.00	1,007.64	470.95	1,671.38	3,632.50
Depreciation charge for the period						
Disposals						
At 31st March 2022	451.53	31.00	1,007.64	470.95	1,671.38	3,632.50
Net book value						
At 31st March 2021	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31st March 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-

4 Financial assets
Non Current Assets

a) Loans (considered doubtful)

	31st March 2022		31st March 2021	
Type of borrower - Related party	Outstanding loan	% of total loans	Outstanding loan	% of total loans
Gammon India Limited	1,636.21		1,636.21	
Less :- Provision for doubtful assets	(1,636.21)		(1,636.21)	
Total loans	-		-	

b) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

5 Other Non Current assets

	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Advance income-tax	11,630.21	11,630.21
Less Provision for taxation	(9,145.41)	(9,145.41)
	2,484.80	2,484.80

6 Trade Receivables

a)

	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Outstanding for More than 6 months	178,712.58	178,712.58
Other receivable		
	178,712.58	178,712.58

Note: There are no dues from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any person.
Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, director or a member.

b) Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule
(Ageing from due date of payment)

(i) ***As at March 31, 2022***

Range of O/s period	Undisputed			Total
	Considered Good	Significant increase in credit risk	credit impaired	
Unbilled	-	-	-	-
Not Due	-	-	-	-
less than 6 months	-	-	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-	-	-
1-2 year	-	-	-	-
2-3 year	-	-	-	-
> 3 years	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Range of O/s period	Disputed			Total
	Considered Good	Significant increase in credit risk	credit impaired	
Unbilled	-	-	-	-
Not Due	-	-	-	-
less than 6 months	-	-	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-	-	-
1-2 year	-	-	-	-
2-3 year	-	-	-	-
> 3 years	-	178,712.58	-	178,713
Total	-	178,712.58	-	178,713

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

COCHIN BRIDGE INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LIMITED ★

(i) *As at March 31, 2021*

Range of O/s period	Undisputed			Total
	Considered	Significant	credit impaired	
Unbilled	-	-	-	-
Not Due	-	-	-	-
less than 6 months	-	-	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-	-	-
1-2 year	-	-	-	-
2-3 year	-	-	-	-
> 3 years	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Range of O/s period	Disputed			Total
	Considered	Significant	credit impaired	
Unbilled	-	-	-	-
Not Due	-	-	-	-
less than 6 months	-	-	-	-
6 months - 1 year	-	-	-	-
1-2 year	-	-	-	-
2-3 year	-	-	-	-
> 3 years	-	178,712.58	-	178,713
Total	-	178,712.58	-	178,713

7 Cash and cash equivalent

	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	31.42	37.22
Cash on hand	11.26	11.26
	42.68	48.48

8 Other current assets

	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Project expenses pending settlement	-	-
Advances recoverable in cash	-	-
	-	-

During the year 2017-18, The Greater Cochin Development Authority had sought to end/obstruct the toll collection by the Company by unilaterally sealing the toll booth. The Company believes it had the right to collect toll at the bridge till April 27, 2020. Further necessary legal recourse is being initiated. The Company's exposure includes trade receivables of Rs.178,712.58 against which an interim order of arbitration for Rs 16 crores has been awarded aganst which authority has gone for further appeal. Company also has unamortised project costs of Rs. 84,261.81 which has been w/off during the previous year which is not recoverable.

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9 Equity Share capital

Authorised share capital

	Equity shares	
	No's	In Rs
At 31st March 2021	10,000,000	100,000
At 31st March 2022	10,000,000	100,000

Terms/ rights attached to equity shares -

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Issued equity capital

6,400,070 (previous period 6,400,070) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each

	No's	In Rs
At 31st March 2021	6,400,070	64,001
At 31st March 2022	6,400,070	64,001

Shares held by holding Company

	31st March 2022 In Rs	31st March 2021 In Rs
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	62,500	62,500

Details of shareholding more than 5% shares in the Company

	31st March 2021 and 2022	
	No's	% holding
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	6,250	97.66%

Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity shares

	As At 31st March 2021 and 2022	
	Numbers	Rupees
Equity shares of Rs 10 each paid up		
At the beginning of the period	6,400	64,001
Issued during the period - Bonus Issue	-	-
Issued during the period - ESOP	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	64,001	64,001

Shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2022

Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change 2021-22
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Holding Company)	6,250,070	97.66%	-
Cochin Port Trust	150,000	2.34%	-
Total no. of shares issued and subscribed	**6,400,070**	**100%**	

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2021

Name of the Promoter	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change 2020-21
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (Holding Company)	6,250,070	97.66%	-
Cochin Port Trust	150,000	2.34%	-
Total no. of shares issued and subscribed	**6,400,070**	**100%**	

10 Other Equity

Retained earning

Particulars	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Surplus / (deficit) in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as per the last financials	(57,756.66)	(57,735.88)
Add : Profit /(Loss) for the period	(39.04)	(20.78)
	(57,795.70)	**(57,756.66)**
Total reserves and surplus	**(57,795.70)**	**(57,756.66)**

11 Amounts entirely in the nature of equity

AJR Infra and Tolling Limited :	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Capital Contribution	90,478.72	90,478.72
Deferred guarantee commission	4,672.25	4,672.25
Balance at the end of the year	**95,150.97**	**95,150.97**

12 Other current financial liabilities

Related Party	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
'- Birmitrapur Barkote Highway Pvt. Ltd.	-	7.50
'- AJR Infra and Tolling Limited (for expenses)	79,869.93	79,831.72
Other liabilities	14.16	11.63
Total other current liabilities	**79,884.09**	**79,850.85**

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13 Other income

	As At 31st March 2022 Rupees	As At 31st March 2021 Rupees
Sundry Balances written back	7.50	-
Total other income	7.50	-

14 Other expenses

	As At 31st March 2022 Rupees	As At 31st March 2021 Rupees
Administration Expenses - Maintenance Expenses	19.08	-
Interest on delayed payment of TDS	-	3.75
ROC fees	9.76	7.00
Bank Charges	5.90	-
Auditors Remuneration	11.80	10.03
	46.54	20.78

15 Earnings per share ('EPS')

The following reflects the profit and equity share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computation.

	31st March 2022 Rupees	31st March 2021 Rupees
Profit after tax (PAT)	**(39.04)**	**(20.78)**
Outstanding equity shares at the end of the period	6,400,070	6,400,070
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculated EPS	6,400,070	6,400,070
Nominal value of equity shares	10.00	10.00
Basic EPS	**(0.01)**	**(0.00)**
Diluted EPS	**(0.01)**	**(0.00)**

16 Related party disclosures

a) Names of the related parties and related party relationships

Related parties where control exists :

1. AJR Infra and Tolling Limited - Holding company
2. Birmitrapur Barkote Highway Private Limited - Fellow subsidiary
3. Gammon India Limited - Entity having significant influence

b) Related party transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the period ended:

Transactions	Holding Company/Fellow Subsidiary / Entity having Significant influence
Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company by:	
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	38.21
	(19.18)
Outstanding balance payable for expenses :	
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	79,869.93
	(79,831.72)
Birmitrapur Barkote Highway Private Limited	-
	(7.50)
Outstanding Payable loan balances :	
AJR Infra and Tolling Limited	90,478.72
	(90,478.72)
Outstanding Receivable loan balances :	
Gammon India Limited	1,636.21
	(1,636.21)
Provision made against loan balance Receivable :	1,636.21
Gammon India Limited	(1,636.21)

(Previous period's figure in brackets)

17 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

As per the information available with the Company, there are no Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises, as defined in the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, to whom the Company owes dues on account of principal or interest.

The above information regarding Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

18 In the opinion of the management, the current assets and loans and advances have a realizable value equal to its value stated in the balance sheet.

19 There are no contingent liabilities as at March 31,2022 & March 31, 2021.

20 The capital commitment as at March 31,2022 and March 31, 2021 is Rs. Nil (Previous period Rs. Nil)

21 The Company's operations constitutes a single business segment namely "Infrastructure Development" as per IND AS 108. Further, the Company's operations are within single geographical segment which is India. As such, there is no separate reportable segment under Ind AS - 108 on Operating Segments.

22 Company has a claim with Cochin Smater Development Corporation (The Concessionaire) which has been approved by arbitration and is sufficient to meet its obligations. Hence there is no risk of going Concern assumption

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24 Other Statutory Information :

(i) As per the management, the Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off

(ii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period

(iii) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

(iv) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

(v)The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

25

Previous period figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary. The current period is for the period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022. The comparitive figures for the previous period are for period from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S V Yadav And Associates
Chartered Accountants.
ICAI Firm Registration No. : 142624W

Venkatesh S.Yadav
Proprietor
Membership No. : 156541

Place: Mumbai
Date : 16th May,2022

S V YADAV AND ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN-142624W MUMBAI 400017

For and behalf of the Board of Directors of
Cochin Bridge Infrastructure Company Limited

Director	Director
Subhrarabinda Birabar	Pravin Marathe
DIN No. 03249632	DIN No. 07706235

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23 Ratio analysis and its elements

Sr. No.	Ratio	Numerator/ Denominator	Ratio (2021-22)	Ratio (2020-21)	% of Variation	Reason for variance
1	Current ratio	Current Asset (excl. Current Liabilities (excluding current borrowings & loans)	2.24	2.24	(0.04)	No significant change
2	Debt-Equity ratio	Total Debts / Shareholders Equity	0.79	0.79	0.08	No significant change
3	Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt service / Debt Service	NA	NA	NA	Funds raised via borrowing from holding company which is repayable on demand. Hence this ratio is not calculated
4	Return on Equity ratio (ROE)	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend / Average Shareholder's Equity	NA	NA	NA	The ratio measures the profitability of equity funds invested in the Company. Since there are no profits in the Company the ratio is not computed.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold OR sales / Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	The ratio establishes the relationship between the cost of goods sold during the period or sales during the period and average inventory held during the period. Since there is no inventory the ratio is not computed.
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Accounts Receivable	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases / Average Trade Payables	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no credit purchases in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales / Average working capital	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
9	Net profit ratio	Net Profit after Tax / Net Sales	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no sales in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
10	Return on Capital employed (ROCE)	Earning before interest and taxes / Capital Employed	NA	NA	NA	Since there is no Earning before interest and taxes in the Company hence the ratio is not computed
11	Return on Investment (ROI)	{MV(T1) – MV(T0) – Sum [C(t)]} / {MV(T0) + Sum [W(t) * C(t)]}	NA	NA	NA	Return on investment (ROI) is a financial ratio used to calculate the benefit an investor will receive in relation to their investment cost

Where:
T1 = End of time period
T0 = Beginning of time period
t = Specific date falling between T1 and T0
MV(T1) = Market Value at T1
MV(T0) = Market Value at T0
C(t) = Cash inflow, cash outflow on specific date
W(t) = Weight of the net cash flow (i.e. either net inflow or net outflow) on day 't', calculated as [T1 – t] / T1
Companies may provide ROI separately for each asset class (e.g., equity, fixed income, money market, etc.).

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